

16022-B - Rocathaan Topcoat UP2 - Base

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: 16022-B - Rocathaan Topcoat UP2 - Base

Other means of identification:

Not relevant

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Base for Topcoatings. For professional users only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Prokol Protective Coatings Duizeldonksestraat 44

5705 CA Helmond - Noord-Brabant - Nederland

Phone: +31 (0) 85 78 200 20

sds@prokol.nl www.prokol.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +31 (0) 85 78 200 20 Mon - Fri 8am - 4.45pm

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The product has been classified in accordance with the information contained in the suppliers' SDS and the additional information from tests carried out by said suppliers

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567).

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2, H411

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Skin Sens. 1A: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1A, H317

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Inhalation), H373

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Danger









Hazard statements:

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/respiratory protection/eye protection/protective footwear.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of the contents and/or its container in line with regulations on dangerous waste or packaging and waste packaging respectively.

Supplementary information:

Contains Acrylic copolymer, Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated.

Substances that contribute to the classification

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics; Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%); maleic anhydride

2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Polyurethane resin

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

Identification		Chemical name/Classification		
CAS:	Non-applicable	Acrylic copolymer Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - Warning	25 - <50 %	
CAS:	128601-23-0	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	25 - <50 %	
CAS:	64742-82-1	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT RE 1: H372; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	1 - <2.5 %	
CAS:	85711-46-2	Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - Warning	<1 %	
CAS:	108-31-6	maleic anhydride Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Resp. Sens. 1: H334; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1A: H317; STOT RE 1: H372; EUH071 - Danger	<1 %	

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Other information:

Identification	Specific concentration limit	
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6	% (w/w) >=0.001: Skin Sens. 1A - H317	

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
maleic anhydride	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-31-6	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	
	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant	

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply,etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...).

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:



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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.-General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.-Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016 and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002, 2002 No. 2776. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.-Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.-Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.-Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.-General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.



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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits, fourth edition, published 2020:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits	
maleic anhydride	WEL (8h)	1 mg/m³
CAS: 108-31-6	WEL (15 min)	3 mg/m³

DNEL (Workers):

	Short exposure		Long exposure		
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 128601-23-0	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	25 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	150 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 64742-82-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	21 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 919-446-0	Inhalation	570 mg/m ³	Not relevant	330 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 85711-46-2	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	3 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 288-306-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
maleic anhydride	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 108-31-6	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
EC: 203-571-6	Inhalation	0.2 mg/m ³	0.2 mg/m ³	0.081 mg/m ³	0.081 mg/m ³

DNEL (General population):

		Short	Short exposure Long exp		exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 128601-23-0	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	32 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	21 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 64742-82-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	12 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 919-446-0	Inhalation	570 mg/m ³	Not relevant	71 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1.5 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 85711-46-2	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1.5 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 288-306-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant

PNEC:

Identification				
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	STP	Not relevant	Fresh water	Not relevant
CAS: 85711-46-2	Soil	Not relevant	Marine water	Not relevant
EC: 288-306-2	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	Not relevant
	Oral	0.067 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	Not relevant
maleic anhydride	STP	44.6 mg/L	Fresh water	0.038 mg/L
CAS: 108-31-6	Soil	0.037 mg/kg	Marine water	0.004 mg/L
EC: 203-571-6	Intermittent	0.379 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.296 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.03 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.-Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have <<UKCA marking>> or <<CE marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.-Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.-Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Butyl, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.7 mm)	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.-Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	Limited protection against flames.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure Standards		Emergency measure	Standards
*	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	*	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

The Volatile Organic Compounds in Paints, Varnishes and Vehicle Refinishing Products Regulations 2012:

V.O.C. (Supply): 29.8 % weight



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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 384.1 kg/m³ (384.1 g/L)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid

Appearance: Characteristic
Colour: Grey, White
Odour: Characteristic
Odour threshold: Not relevant *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 45 - 277 °C Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 487 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 2759.49 Pa (2.76 kPa)

Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Not relevant *

Product description:

Density at 20 °C: 1289.1 kg/m³

Relative density at 20 °C: 1.289

Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Not relevant * Not relevant * Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: $<20.5 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ Concentration: Not relevant * pH: Not relevant * Vapour density at 20 °C: Not relevant * Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Not relevant * Solubility in water at 20 °C: Not relevant * Solubility properties: Not relevant * Decomposition temperature: Not relevant *

Flammability:

Flash Point: 42 °C

Flammability (solid, gas):

Autoignition temperature:

Lower flammability limit:

Upper flammability limit:

Not available

Not available

Particle characteristics:

Melting point/freezing point:

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:

Oxidising properties:

Corrosive to metals:

Heat of combustion:

Not relevant *

Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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Not relevant *



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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of

Not relevant *

flammable components:

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Refraction index:

Not relevant *

Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity	
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

The product has been classified in accordance with the information contained in the suppliers' SDS and the additional information from tests carried out by said suppliers

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):



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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
 - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3. IARC: Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3); Xylene (3); Ethylbenzene (2B); Calcium fluoride (3); Talc (3); Toluene (3); Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (3)
 - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
 - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
 - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acı	Acute toxicity	
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 128601-23-0	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Acrylic copolymer	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: Non-applicable	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 64742-82-1	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 85711-46-2	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
maleic anhydride	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-31-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product has been classified in accordance with the information contained in the suppliers' SDS and the additional information from tests carried out by said suppliers

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 128601-23-0	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 64742-82-1	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
maleic anhydride	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	33.33 mg/L
CAS: 108-31-6	COD	Not relevant	Period	29 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	98.19 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Identification Bioaccumulation potential	
maleic anhydride	BCF	
CAS: 108-31-6	Pow Log	-2.61
	Potential	

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
maleic anhydride	Koc	42	Henry	0E+0 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 108-31-6	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Not relevant
		1.673E-2 N/m (250.21 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code Description Waste class	08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous
	Code	Description	Waste class

Type of waste:

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP13 Sensitising, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated:

UK legislation: The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.



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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:





14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class 3

(es):

Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in bulk Not relevant

according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:

14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class

(es):

Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Marine pollutant: Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 163, 223, 955, 367

EmS Codes: F-E, S-E Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group: Not relevant **14.7 Transport in bulk** Not relevant

according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:





14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class 3

(es):

Labels: 3 **14.4 Packing group:** III

14.5 Environmental hazards: Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7 Transport in bulk**Not relevant

according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant
- Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant

The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	200	500

Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc):

Shall not be used in:

- —ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- -tricks and jokes,
- —games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects. Contains Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane. 1. | Shall not be placed on the market in wash-off cosmetic products in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of either substance, after 31 January 2020. | 2. | For the purposes of this entry, "wash-off cosmetic products" means cosmetic products as defined in Article 2(1)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 that, under normal conditions of use, are washed off with water after application.'

Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica must be controlled pursuant to Directive (EU) 2019/130.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplacespecific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):



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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin Sens. 1B: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 2: Calculation method Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Skin Sens. 1A: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

UFI: unique formula identifier

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at UK, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -